

Cloud Services Best Practices

A Guide for *THE* Team

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Overview

- How do we make technology choices (as they relate to cloud)?
 - Why do we make these choices?
- What are some best practices for using these systems?



Cloud Technology Decision Making

Evaluation Dimensions

Cost

Simpler tools = simpler pricing. Complex tools have hidden costs and unpredictable bills

Complexity

Cognitive load, moving parts, dependencies

Debugging/Building Ease

Can we troubleshoot effectively? Good errors? Local reproduction? Does it make us faster?

Support & SLAs

What happens when things break?

Core Principles for Technology Choices

- ✨ **Value Simplicity:** Reduce complexity at every opportunity
- 🏛️ **Value Boring:** Mature/battle-tested over bleeding edge
- 💥 **Well-defined Interfaces and Surface Areas:** What happens when things don't work as expected (Blast Radius)? How can we swap it out?
- # **Minimize technologies:** Given two systems of similar complexity the one with the fewer technologies is better.
- 💰 **Cost:** This matters
- ✈️ **Prioritize local development:** Can it work on an airplane?



Strategic Decision Making

Strategy Considerations

-  **Assumption #1:** We are not the ICP for cloud services:
 - We are not hyper scalers
 - Our clients are (generally) not tech savvy
-  **Assumption #2:** Intentionally or not, these systems are designed for addiction/increased usage.

Context Matters

Context matters: Use managed services when operational overhead justifies the trade-off. Balance portability with practical engineering constraints.



One-off Tasks

Vendor tools and click-through interfaces are acceptable



Repeatable Tasks

Minimize vendor exposure, maximize portability

Learning Investment

Where should we spend our time?

Don't invest in learning one-off tools

Time spent learning tools we'll only use once is wasted

Don't invest in non-transferable concepts

Learn skills that apply broadly, not vendor-specific abstractions

AWS Services Spectrum

 Good Simple Primitives	 OK Light Abstractions	 Caution Heavy Operational	 Avoid High Lock-in
• EC2 • S3 • Cloudfront • ElastiCache <i>Easy local dev, low lock-in, direct control</i>	• Lambda • Load Balancers • SES • ECS / EKS <i>Light convenience layer, easier to swap, annoying to setup</i>	• RDS • SQS <i>Higher cost premium, more operational weight. Why would they be used?</i>	• DynamoDB • SageMaker • Bedrock • Glue • Cognito <i>Expensive to escape</i>



Implementation Workflows



Cloud Development Workflow



Build a Spider Web

1

Create the simplest *local* system that touches everything. Go wide, not deep. Map what needs to call what and how.



Easy Deploy & Verify → HARDEN

2

Deploy to cloud, verify all connections work end-to-end. Then harden (permissions, etc.) this foundation before additional development



Develop Locally, Deploy Often

3

Build features locally with fast feedback loops. Deploy frequently to catch integration issues early.

Local Options

AWS services with excellent local development alternatives

S3 ↔ MinIO

RDS ↔ Postgres / MySQL

ElastiCache ↔ Redis / Memcached (kinda)

DynamoDB ↔ DynamoDB Local

SQS ↔ ElasticMQ (Kinda)

Lambda ↔ Functions (kinda)



Easy DevOps First, IaC Last

Get it working manually (ssh, git pull, github actions, *whatever*), understand it deeply, then automate with tools like Pulumi/Terraform

Automation comes after understanding



Security Best Practices

- **Use IAM roles, not access keys** - Every service gets a role, no long-lived credentials
- **Temporary credentials via STS** - Auto-rotating, time-limited access
- **Least privilege principle** - Grant minimum necessary permission

Cheat when starting: grant super large permissions and then narrow.



Best Practices



Best Practices

1



Moving from dev to prod

When and why do I want to move things between dev and prod?

2



Fast Cycles

What is the *minimum* testable system

3



Deploy, Deploy, Deploy, Deploy, Deploy

Build features locally with fast feedback loops. Deploy frequently to catch integration issues early.

4



Debug / Logging

How do I debug? Where do I route logs